



Empower group O care

Stewardship Tip: Right Type Focus

Quick Fact



More than 90% of all sickle cell patients are estimated to be Rh positive!

TIP

Provide ABO/Rh type-specific antigen-negative units whenever possible.

Does your hospital have a routine practice to order typespecific antigen-negative units in advance of a transfusion?

- Transfusing type-specific antigen-negative units to patients with sickle cell disease helps to reduce the reliance on O negative blood.
- Scheduling transfusion for patients with sickle cell disease and ordering type-specific antigen-negative units in advance of the procedure:
 - Increases the likelihood of a type-specific match that meets the antigen-negative requirements.
 - Reduces the frequency of product substitutions, transfusion delays or fewer units than desired being transfused.
- If testing units in house for CEK, screen A and B negative for non-O sickle cell patients.
- Since launching its Sickle Cell Initiative in January 2021, the Red Cross has grown the Black or African American donor base and provided more than 260,000 sickle cell trait screenings* to donors who self-identified as Black or African American.

Contact your Red Cross Medical Director to Learn More

^{*}https://www.aabb.org/docs/default-source/default-document-library/resources/association-bulletins/ab19-02.pdf

^{*}Sickle Cell trait screening data as of January 28, 2025.